PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

1. WHAT SALAMOL IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Effect
Salamol contains salbutamol sulphate, which belongs to a group of medicines called beta agonists. Salbutamol is a bronchodilator and works by widening the airways in your lungs to allow air in and out. This helps you to feel less breathless, wheezy or tight-chested.

Usage
Salamol is used to treat asthma. It can also be used to prevent asthma caused by exercise or asthma caused by a reaction to allergens (substances to which you are allergic to e.g. house dust, pollen, cat hair, cigarette smoke, etc.) or to treat breathing difficulties associated with reversible airways obstruction (e.g. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)).

This type of medicine is known as a ‘reliever’. You may be using another medicine to prevent you from having an asthma attack (“preventer”). You can safely use your preventer with this medicine.

Consult a doctor immediately if your usual treatment is not working or you need more than 8 puffs per day (for adults) or 4 puffs per day (for children) or in case of worsening asthma symptoms. Your dosage should only be increased on medical advice.

2. BEFORE YOU USE SALAMOL

Do not use Salamol - If you are allergic to salbutamol (active ingredient) or any of the other ingredients in this medicine.

Take special care with Salamol
Let your doctor know if you suffer from thyroid problems, diabetes, serious heart disease, fast irregular heart rhythms or high blood pressure. Tell your doctor if you have a condition known as thyrotoxicosis (a disorder where the oxygen level in the blood is low and may cause breathlessness) or if you have a history of heart disease or angina.

3. HOW TO USE SALAMOL

Always use this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you to. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The dosage is individually adjusted according to your doctor’s instructions, based on previous asthma therapy.

The usual dose for Salamol is:

- Adults and the elderly:
  - For the best results with this medicine you should use it when required to relieve symptoms of asthma and other chest conditions with similar symptoms, such as wheezing, breathlessness and tightness in your chest. Take one puff as a starting dose. This may be increased to two puffs if necessary. To prevent asthma caused by exercise or allergens (e.g. house dust, pollen etc.), take two puffs 10-15 minutes before you exercise or before exposure to known allergens. Do not take more than eight puffs in 24 hours.
  - Wait 4 hours between doses.

- Children:
  - The usual dose for children under the age of 12 years to relieve asthma symptoms such as wheezing, breathlessness and tightness in the chest, is one puff as a starting dose. This may be increased to two puffs if necessary.
  - Children over the age of 12 should refer to the adult dosage instructions above.
  - The usual dose for children under the age of 12 years to prevent asthma caused by exercise or allergens (e.g. house dust, pollen etc.), is one puff 10-15 minutes before exercise or before exposure to known allergens. This can be increased to two puffs if necessary.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

- Most likely:
  - Dizziness

- Less likely:
  - Irregular heart rhythms or high blood pressure
  - Problems, diabetes, serious heart disease, fast irregular heart rhythms or high blood pressure

5. BEFORE USING THIS MEDICINE, PLEASE READ THIS LEAFLET

Important
Before using this medicine, please read this leaflet carefully and follow the instructions.

An adult should always supervise children when they use Salamol. Children may need help to use their inhaler. Parents can help by spraying the aerosol when the child begins to breathe in. Always remember the following:

- Wait four hours between doses.
- Tell your doctor if your asthma gets worse or if the inhaler does not provide as much relief from your asthma as before.
- You should sit or stand upright while taking this medicine. It is important when using this medicine to hold the inhaler upright as it will not work if it is not held in this position.

Test spray the inhaler by firing two shots into the air before you use it for the first time and also if you have not used it for a period of five days or more.

Using the Inhaler

1. Take the cap off the inhaler.
2. Hold the inhaler upright, with your thumb on the base and your first finger on the top of the can.*
3. Breathe out normally as far as you comfortably can. Then hold the mouthpiece firmly between your lips.
4. Breathe in slowly and deeply. At the same time as you start to breathe in, press the aerosol can with your first finger to spray the aerosol and release the medicine. Continue to breathe in slowly and deeply.
5. Take the inhaler out of your mouth and hold your breath for 10 seconds, or for as long as you comfortably can. Breathe out slowly.
6. If you need more than one puff, wait about one minute and then start again from step 2. Put the cap back on the inhaler.
7. You must keep your inhaler clean, especially in the mouthpiece. This will prevent deposits from the aerosol building up. To prevent your inhaler becoming blocked you must clean it once a week.

8. What to do if your inhaler stops working properly?

This is important to clean your inhaler regularly to prevent deposits from the aerosol building up and blocking the inhaler. If your inhaler does not seem to be working, it may be that your inhaler has become blocked and you should clean your inhaler according to the section “Cleaning the inhaler”. If your inhaler still does not work, return it to your doctor or pharmacist.

Important: Do not wash steps 3 and 4. It is important that you start to breathe in as slowly as possible just before using your inhaler. Practice in front of the mirror for the first five times. If you see "mist" coming from the top of the inhaler or the sides of your mouth you should start again from step 2.

*Note: Children and people with weak hands may find it easier to hold the inhaler with both hands, in this case for step 2 put your two first fingers on the top of the can and both thumbs on the base of the inhaler.

The product can be used with the Volumatic® Spacer.
Cleaning the inhaler

Keeping the plastic mouthpiece clean is very important as it will help prevent your inhaler becoming blocked. You must clean your inhaler once a week.

A To clean your inhaler first remove the mouthpiece cap.
B Remove the metal can from the plastic mouthpiece. Do not put the metal can into water.
C Rinse the inhaler mouthpiece and the mouthpiece cap with warm running water for at least 30 seconds.
D Shake off any excess water and dry the plastic mouthpiece and mouthpiece cap thoroughly (leave to dry overnight if possible) but do not use direct heat. Put the metal can back in your inhaler. Replace the cap.

If you need to use your inhaler before it is dry, shake off any water from the plastic mouthpiece and put the can back in. Test spray the inhaler by firing two puffs in the air before taking your usual dose. Wash and dry the mouthpiece again as described above.

If you use more Salamol than you should

It is important that you take your dose as stated on the pharmacist's label or as advised by your doctor. You should not increase or decrease your dose without seeking medical advice.

Other side effects:

Common (less than 1 in 10 patients, but more than 1 in 100):

- Feeling tense and getting headaches (which are more likely with higher doses);
- Feeling shaky (muscle tremors);
- Dizziness.

Uncommon (less than 1 in 100 patients, but more than 1 in 1,000):

- Muscle pain (myalgia).

Rare (less than 1 in 1,000, but more than 1 in 10,000):

- Reduction in the amount of potassium in your blood (if this happens, you may notice an irregular heartbeat, muscle weakness or cramp);
- Increase in lactate levels and acid levels in the blood (you may experience symptoms such as persistent nausea and vomiting, unexplained tiredness, shortness of breath and rapid breathing, cold or blue hands and feet);
- Sleep disturbances and sensing things that are not real;
- Rapid or irregular heart beat [tachycardia or palpitations];
- Increased blood flow to your extremities (peripheral vasodilation);
- Mouth and throat irritations, nausea, vomiting and dry and sore mouth;
- Muscle cramps.

Very rare (less than 1 in 10,000):

- Difficulty in sleeping (insomnia);
- Itching of your skin;
- Trembling (particularly your hands).

Not known:

- Chest pain (due to heart problems such as angina).

Additional side effects in children

- Sleep disturbances and sensing things that are not real have been reported.
- Hyperactivity.

If any of the side effects get serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist, but do not stop using this medicine unless you are told to do so

5. HOW TO STORE SALAMOL

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.
Do not store above 25°C.
Do not refrigerate or freeze.
If this medicine gets very cold, the metal can from the inhaler and warm it in your hands for a few minutes before you use it. Do not warm the can in any other way.
Pressurised aerosol can. Do not puncture, break or burn the can, even if it seems empty.
Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label and carton.
Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. FURTHER INFORMATION

What Salamol contains

- The active substance is salbutamol sulphate equivalent to 100 micrograms of salbutamol in each puff (metered dose).
- The other ingredients are ethanol anhydrous (alcohol) and the propellant norflurane (HFA-134a).

This medicine does not contain any CFCs.

Contents of pack

- The name of your medicine is Salamol CFC-Free Inhaler 100 micrograms Pressurised Inhalation Suspension.
- Each pack of Salamol contains a single inhaler and can which supplies 200 metered doses.